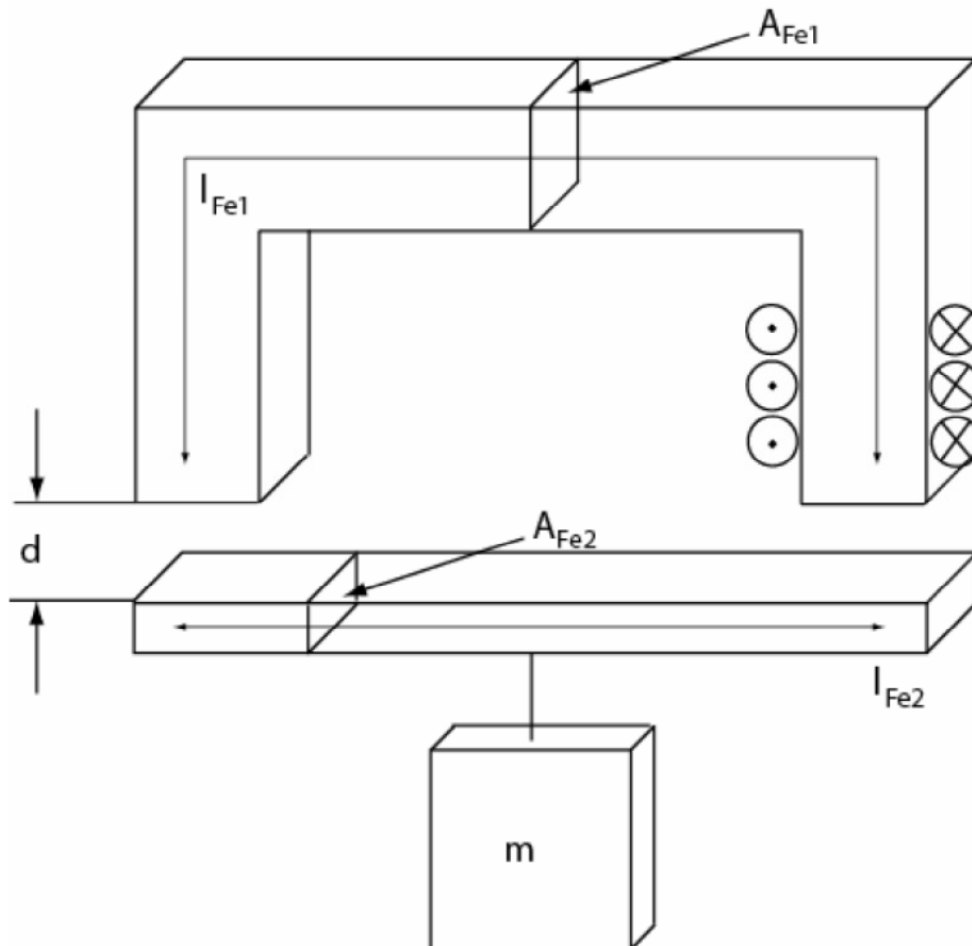


### Exercise 3

The magnetic arrangement shows a winding of  $N = 50$  turns over an iron core. A DC current of  $I = 10$  A flows through the winding. As shown in the figure, an air gap of length  $d = 0.2$  mm exists in the flux path. The following data holds true for the iron core.

$$l_{Fe1} = 15 \text{ cm}, l_{Fe2} = 7 \text{ cm}, A_{Fe1} = 4 \text{ cm}^2, A_{Fe2} = 2 \text{ cm}^2, \mu_r = 4000$$



- Draw a sketch showing the profile of the generated magnetic flux  $\phi$ .
- Draw the electrical equivalent of the magnetic circuit.
- Calculate the magnetic flux density  $b_L$  and the magnetic flux  $\phi_L$  in the air gap.
- Plot the magnetic flux  $\phi_L$  graphically as a function of gap length  $d$ .
- Calculate the magnetic energy in the iron and air gap.
- Calculate the mass  $m$  (shown in figure), which can maintain the arrangement.
- Calculate the stiffness of the assembly.